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10/695,277	10/28/2003	Yong Ho Son	SEDN/152CON2	3963
56015 7590 08/22/2007 PATTERSON & SHERIDAN, LLP/ SEDNA PATENT SERVICES, LLC 595 SHREWSBURY AVENUE SUITE 100			EXAMINER	
			SAINT CYR, JEAN D	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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. •	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Astion Comments	10/695,277	SON ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jean D. Saintcyr	2609
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10/2 This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under the condition of the con	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims	·	
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 28 October 2003 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11 ☐ The oath o	wn from consideration. or election requirement. er. ∴ a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
, , ,	kammer. Note the attached Office	Action of form 1 10-102.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
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Attachment(s)	· 	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-11, filed 10/28/2003, are presented for examination

1. Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-9 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-9 of US. Patent No. 6681326. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 1-9 are obvious variants and encompassed by claims 1-9 of the US. Patent 6681326.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) The invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-9 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Heer et al, US Patent No.5999629.

Re claim 1, Heer et al disclose at least one programming source for storing at least one partially encrypted video program(fig.1, element 100; encrypted and stored in server 60, col.2, line 63); a distribution center comprising a remote server(fig.1, element 60, video server), said remote server storing said at least one partially encrypted video program received from said at least one programming source(fig.1, element 60, video server), and said remote server processing (fig.1, element 45, processor)said partially encrypted video program corresponding to a subscriber requested video program to produce a fully encrypted video program; and a subscriber-side distribution network coupled to the distribution center, for causing transmission of the fully encrypted video program to the requesting subscriber(processor 45 then transmits the message over bus 41 for distribution to the subscriber terminals).

Re claim 2, Heer et al disclose wherein said remote server causes transmission of a decryption key to said requesting subscriber via said subscriber-side distribution network, said decryption key being necessary to decrypt said fully encrypted video program(a user who has entered a request to review a program and would need the program key to decrypt the program for intelligible viewing, col.4,lines 23-26).

Re claim 3, Heer et al disclose wherein said fully encrypted video program is encrypted according to a public key associated (an associated public key) with said

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requesting subscriber, said public key having associated with it a private key(private key, col.4, line 34) necessary to decrypt said fully encrypted video program(to decrypt the encrypted program, col.4,line 7).

Re claim 4, Heer et al teach wherein said fully encrypted video program is encrypted according to a private key associated (private key, col.4, line 34) with said requesting subscriber, said private key having associated with it a public key necessary to decrypt said fully encrypted video program (to decrypt the encrypted program, col.4, line 7).

Re claim 5, Heer et al teach wherein said fully encrypted video program is encrypted according to a public key, said public key having associated with it a private key necessary to decrypt said fully encrypted video program, said apparatus further comprising: said remote server(fig.1, video server) transmitting said private key to said requesting subscriber(distribute that key in a secure manner to user who has entered a request, col.4,lines 23-24).

Re claim 6, Heer et al disclose said public key is encrypted prior to transmission to said requesting subscriber((encrypted and stored in server 60, col.2, line 63; that means public key was encrypted prior any transmission).

Re claim 7, Heer et al. teach wherein said fully encrypted video program is transmitted to said requesting subscriber via a first communications channel and said decryption key is transmitted to said requesting subscriber via a second communications channel(see fig.1, the system uses bus 41 for encrypted video program and bus 61 for sharing key; col.6, lines 17-24).

Re claim 8, Heer et al teach wherein said fully encrypted video program is encrypted according to a Data Encryption Standard (DES)(Digital Encryption System (DES).

Re claim 9, Heer et al disclose wherein said remote server multiplexes said fully encrypted video program and other signals to create a multiplexed signal for

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transmission to said requesting subscriber(see fig.1, element 60, video server; element 45, processor; all those element work together to produce a multiplexed signal for transmission).

Re claim 11, Heer et al teach wherein said distribution center is coupled to said at least one programming source via a provider side distribution network(fig.1, element 100; video information delivery system 100, col.2, line 35).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Heer et al in view of Garmeau et al, US Patent No. 5675647.

Re claim 10, Heer et al fail to teach wherein said at least one programming source comprises at least one of a television broadcasting source, a premium broadcast source, and a video- on-demand source.

In an analogous art, Garmeau et al teach wherein said at least one programming source comprises at least one of a television broadcasting source, a premium broadcast source, and a video- on-demand source(see fig.3 where a plurality of programming sources are connected to the Headend; pay per view or equivalent service, col.1, lines 51-52).

In view of the teaching of Garmeau, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement wherein said at least one programming source comprises at least one of a television

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broadcasting source, a premium broadcast source, and a video- on-demand source into the system of Heer. With such extra option, Users will have more opportunities in selecting their service.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. US Patent No. 5,557346(System And Method For Key Escrow Encryption, Lipner et al), this system employs an unclassified data encryption algorithm.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean Duclos Saintcyr whose phone number is 571-270-3224. The examiner can normally reach on M-F 7:30-5:00 PM EST.If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are not successful, his supervisor, Marvin Lateef, can be reach on 571-272-5026. The fax number for the organization where the application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see httpp://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197(toll free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, dial 800-786-9199(IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jean Duclos Saintcyr

08 /17/2007

Marvin Lateef / Tuan Ho

Supervisor Patent Examiner/ TA